

# Β ΛΥΚΕΙΟΥ ΑΛΓΕΒΡΑ

## 28.7 1)

a)  $\log_6 2 + \log_6 18 = \log_6 (2 \cdot 18) = \log_6 36 = \log_6 6^2 = 2$

b)  $\log 200 - \frac{1}{3} \log 8 = \log 200 - \log 8^{\frac{1}{3}} = \log 200 - \log \sqrt[3]{8} = \log 200 - \log 2 = \log \frac{200}{2} = \log 100 = 2$

c)  $\log \frac{50}{9} + 3 \log \frac{3}{2} + \log \frac{16}{3} = \log \frac{50}{9} + \log \frac{27}{8} + \log \frac{16}{3} = \log \left( \frac{50}{9} \cdot \frac{27}{8} \cdot \frac{16}{3} \right) = \log 100 = 2$

## 28.7 2)

$\log 5 + \log 2 = \log 5 \cdot 2 = \log 10 = 1$

## 28.7 3)

$\log 4 + \log 25 = \log (4 \cdot 25) = \log 100 = 2$

## 28.7 4)

$\log 50 + \log 2000 = \log (50 \cdot 2000) = \log 100000 = \log 10^5 = 5$

## 28.7 5)

$\log_2 24 - \log_2 3 = \log_2 \left( \frac{24}{3} \right) = \log_2 8 = 3$

## 28.7 6)

$\log 40 - \log 4 = \log \left( \frac{40}{4} \right) = \log 10 = 1$

## 28.7 7)

$\log 25 + \log 400 = \log (25 \cdot 400) = \log 10000 = \log 10^4 = 4$

## 28.7 8)

$\log 2 - \log 200 = \log \left( \frac{2}{200} \right) = \log \frac{1}{100} = \log 10^{-2} = -2$

## 28.7 9)

$3 \log 2 + \log 125 = \log 2^3 + \log 125 = \log (8 \cdot 125) = \log 1000 = 3$

## 28.7 10)

$2 \log 5 + \log 20 + \log 2 = \log 25 + \log 20 + \log 2 = \log (25 \cdot 20 \cdot 2) = \log 1000 = 3$

## 28.7 11)

$2 \log 40 - 4 \log 2 = \log 40^2 - \log 2^4 = \log \left( \frac{40^2}{2^4} \right) = \log \left( \frac{1600}{16} \right) = \log 100 = 2$

## 28.7 12)

$\log 300 - \frac{1}{2} \log 9 = \log 300 - \log 3 = \log \left( \frac{300}{3} \right) = \log 100 = 2$

## 28.7 13)

$2 \log 2 + 3 \log 3 - \log 12 = \log 2^2 + \log 3^3 - \log 12 = \log 10 = 1$

$= \log \left( \frac{4 \cdot 27}{12} \right) = \log \left( \frac{27}{3} \right) = \log 9 = \log 3^2 = 2 \log 3$

## 28.7 14)

$$\log 200 = \log(8 \cdot 25) = \log 8 + \log 25 = \log 2^3 + \log 5^2 = 3 \log 2 + 2 \log 5$$

**28.7      15)**

$$\log 3 + 2 \log 4 - \log 12 = \log 3 + \log 4^2 - \log 12 =$$

$$= \log\left(\frac{3 \cdot 4^2}{12}\right) = \log 4 = \log 2^2 = 2 \log 2$$

**28.7      16)**

$$\frac{1}{2} \log 16 + \frac{1}{3} \log 8 + \frac{1}{4} \log 81 = \log \sqrt{16} + \log \sqrt[3]{8} + \log \sqrt[4]{81} =$$

$$= \log 4 + \log 2 + \log 3 = \log(4 \cdot 2 \cdot 3) = \log 24$$

**28.7      17)**

$$\frac{1}{2} \log_{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{3} \log_{\frac{1}{3}} \frac{1}{27} = \frac{1}{2} \log_{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 - \frac{1}{3} \log_{\frac{1}{3}} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^3 =$$

$$= \frac{2}{2} \log_{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{3} \log_{\frac{1}{3}} \frac{1}{3} = 1 - 1 = 0$$

**28.7      18)**

$$\frac{1}{2} \log 25 + \frac{1}{3} \log 8 + \frac{1}{5} \log 32 = \frac{1}{2} \log 5^2 + \frac{1}{3} \log 2^3 + \frac{1}{5} \log 2^5 =$$

$$= \frac{2}{2} \log 5 + \frac{3}{3} \log 2 + \frac{5}{5} \log 2 = \log(5 \cdot 2) + \log 2 =$$

$$= \log 10 + \log 2 = 1 + \log 2$$

**28.7      19)**

$$\log \frac{9}{16} + \log \frac{40}{81} = \log\left(\frac{9 \cdot 40}{16 \cdot 81}\right) = \log\left(\frac{10}{4 \cdot 9}\right) =$$

$$= \log \frac{5}{18} = \log 5 - \log 18$$

**28.7      20)**

$$\log \frac{75}{16} - 2 \log \frac{5}{9} + \log \frac{32}{243} = \log \frac{75}{16} - \log \frac{5^2}{9^2} + \log \frac{32}{243} =$$

$$= \log \frac{75}{16} + \log \frac{81}{25} + \log \frac{32}{243} = \log\left(\frac{75 \cdot 81 \cdot 32}{16 \cdot 25 \cdot 243}\right) =$$

$$= \log\left(\frac{3 \cdot 2}{3}\right) = \log 2$$