

16.10 1)

$$\alpha) \quad 2\sigma\upsilon\nu 4x = \sqrt{3} \Rightarrow \sigma\upsilon\nu 4x = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \Rightarrow \sigma\upsilon\nu 4x = \sigma\upsilon\nu \frac{\pi}{6} \Rightarrow 4x = 2\kappa\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{6} \Rightarrow x = \frac{2\kappa\pi}{4} \pm \frac{\frac{\pi}{6}}{4} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{\kappa\pi}{2} \pm \frac{\pi}{24}, \quad \kappa \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\beta) \quad 2\eta\mu\left(2x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \sqrt{3} \Rightarrow \eta\mu\left(2x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \Rightarrow \eta\mu\left(2x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \eta\mu \frac{\pi}{3} \Rightarrow$$

$$2x - \frac{\pi}{3} = 2\kappa\pi + \frac{\pi}{3} \Rightarrow \quad \quad \quad \text{ή} \quad 2x - \frac{\pi}{3} = 2\kappa\pi + \pi - \frac{\pi}{3} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x = 2\kappa\pi + \frac{\pi}{3} + \frac{\pi}{3} \Rightarrow 2x = 2\kappa\pi + \frac{2\pi}{3} \Rightarrow \quad \quad \quad \Rightarrow 2x = 2\kappa\pi + \pi - \frac{\pi}{3} + \frac{\pi}{3} \Rightarrow 2x = 2\kappa\pi + \pi \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\cancel{2}x}{\cancel{2}} = \frac{\cancel{2}\kappa\pi}{\cancel{2}} + \frac{\cancel{2}\pi}{\cancel{2}} \Rightarrow x = \kappa\pi + \frac{\pi}{3}, \quad \kappa \in \mathbb{Z} \quad \quad \quad \Rightarrow \frac{\cancel{2}x}{\cancel{2}} = \frac{\cancel{2}\kappa\pi}{\cancel{2}} + \frac{\pi}{2} \Rightarrow x = \kappa\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}, \quad \kappa \in \mathbb{Z}$$

16.10 2)

$$\sigma\upsilon\nu 4x = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \sigma\upsilon\nu 4x = \sigma\upsilon\nu \frac{\pi}{3} \Rightarrow 4x = 2\kappa\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{3} \Rightarrow x = \frac{2\kappa\pi}{4} \pm \frac{\pi}{12} \Rightarrow x = \frac{\kappa\pi}{2} \pm \frac{\pi}{12}, \quad \kappa \in \mathbb{Z}$$

16.10 3)

$$\sigma\varphi 3x = 1 \Rightarrow \sigma\varphi 3x = \sigma\varphi \frac{\pi}{4} \Rightarrow 3x = \kappa\pi + \frac{\pi}{4} \Rightarrow x = \frac{\kappa\pi}{3} + \frac{\pi}{12}, \quad \kappa \in \mathbb{Z}$$

16.10 4)

$$\eta\mu\left(x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) = -\frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \eta\mu\left(x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) = -\eta\mu \frac{\pi}{6} \Rightarrow \eta\mu\left(x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \eta\mu\left(-\frac{\pi}{6}\right) \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow x + \frac{\pi}{4} = 2\kappa\pi - \frac{\pi}{6} \Rightarrow \quad \quad \quad \Rightarrow x + \frac{\pi}{4} = 2\kappa\pi + \pi + \frac{\pi}{6} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 2\kappa\pi - \frac{5\pi}{12}, \quad \kappa \in \mathbb{Z} \quad \quad \quad \text{ή} \quad \Rightarrow x = 2\kappa\pi + \frac{11\pi}{12}, \quad \kappa \in \mathbb{Z}$$

16.10 5)

$$3\varphi\left(3x + \frac{2\pi}{3}\right) = -1 \Rightarrow \varepsilon\varphi\left(3x + \frac{2\pi}{3}\right) = -\varepsilon\varphi \frac{\pi}{4} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \varepsilon\varphi\left(3x + \frac{2\pi}{3}\right) = \varepsilon\varphi\left(-\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \Rightarrow 3x + \frac{2\pi}{3} = \kappa\pi - \frac{\pi}{4} \Rightarrow$$

$$3x = \kappa\pi - \frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{2\pi}{3} \Rightarrow x = \frac{\kappa\pi}{3} - \frac{\pi}{12} - \frac{2\pi}{9} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{\kappa\pi}{3} - \frac{11\pi}{36}, \quad \kappa \in \mathbb{Z}$$

16.10 6)

$$\sigma\upsilon\nu\left(\frac{\pi}{2}-3x\right)=0\Rightarrow\sigma\upsilon\nu\left(\frac{\pi}{2}-3x\right)=\sigma\upsilon\nu\frac{\pi}{2}\Rightarrow\frac{\pi}{2}-3x=2\kappa\pi\pm\frac{\pi}{2}\Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2}-3x=2\kappa\pi+\frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 3x=2\kappa\pi$$

$$\Rightarrow x=\frac{2\kappa\pi}{3}$$

$$\kappa\in Z$$

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$$\frac{\pi}{2}-3x=2\kappa\pi-\frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 3x=-2\kappa\pi+\pi$$

$$\Rightarrow x=\frac{-2\kappa\pi}{3}+\frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$\kappa\in Z$$

Συνδυάζοντας τις λύσεις αυτές παίρνουμε $x=\frac{\kappa\pi}{3}$, $\kappa\in Z$

16.10 7)

$$2\sigma\upsilon\nu\left(3x+\frac{\pi}{4}\right)=-1\Rightarrow\sigma\upsilon\nu\left(3x+\frac{\pi}{4}\right)=-\frac{1}{2}\Rightarrow\sigma\upsilon\nu\left(3x+\frac{\pi}{4}\right)=-\sigma\upsilon\nu\frac{\pi}{3}\Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow\sigma\upsilon\nu\left(3x+\frac{\pi}{4}\right)=\sigma\upsilon\nu\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}\right)\Rightarrow 3x+\frac{\pi}{4}=2\kappa\pi\pm\frac{2\pi}{3}\Rightarrow$$

$$3x+\frac{\pi}{4}=2\kappa\pi+\frac{2\pi}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow 3x=2\kappa\pi+\frac{2\pi}{3}-\frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow 3x=2\kappa\pi+\frac{5\pi}{12}$$

$$\Rightarrow x=\frac{2\kappa\pi}{3}+\frac{5\pi}{12}$$

$$\kappa\in Z$$

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$$3x+\frac{\pi}{4}=2\kappa\pi-\frac{2\pi}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow 3x=2\kappa\pi-\frac{2\pi}{3}-\frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow 3x=2\kappa\pi-\frac{11\pi}{12}$$

$$\Rightarrow x=\frac{2\kappa\pi}{3}-\frac{11\pi}{36}$$

$$\kappa\in Z$$

16.10 8)

$$\sqrt{3}\varepsilon\varphi\left(x-\frac{2\pi}{3}\right)=-1\Rightarrow\varepsilon\varphi\left(x-\frac{2\pi}{3}\right)=-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\Rightarrow\varepsilon\varphi\left(x-\frac{2\pi}{3}\right)=\varepsilon\varphi\left(-\frac{\pi}{6}\right)\Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow x-\frac{2\pi}{3}=\kappa\pi-\frac{\pi}{6}\Rightarrow x=2\kappa\pi-\frac{\pi}{6}+\frac{2\pi}{3}\Rightarrow x=2\kappa\pi+\frac{\pi}{2}, \kappa\in Z$$

16.10 9)

$$3\sigma\varphi\left(\frac{\pi}{5}-2x\right)=\sqrt{3}\Rightarrow\sigma\varphi\left(\frac{\pi}{5}-2x\right)=\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}\Rightarrow\sigma\varphi\left(\frac{\pi}{5}-2x\right)=\sigma\varphi\frac{\pi}{6}\Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow\frac{\pi}{5}-2x=\kappa\pi+\frac{\pi}{3}\Rightarrow 2x=-\kappa\pi+\frac{\pi}{5}-\frac{\pi}{6}\Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x=-\kappa\pi-\frac{\pi}{15}\Rightarrow x=-\kappa\pi-\frac{\pi}{30}$$