

Έχουμε

$$f''(x) = g''(x) \Rightarrow f'(x) = g'(x) + c \quad (1)$$

και ακόμη

$$(1) \xrightarrow{x=0} f'(0) = g'(0) + c \xrightarrow{f'(0)=g'(0)-3} \cancel{g'(0)} - 3 = \cancel{g'(0)} + c \Rightarrow c = -3 \quad (2)$$

Οπότε

$$(1), (2) \Rightarrow \boxed{f'(x) = g'(x) - 3}$$

Ακόμη

$$f'(x) = g'(x) - 3 \Rightarrow f'(x) = [g(x) - 3x]' \Rightarrow f(x) = g(x) - 3x + c_1 \quad (3)$$

επομένως

$$(3) \xrightarrow{x=2} f(2) = g(2) - 3 \cdot 2 + c_1 \xrightarrow{f(2)=g(2)} \cancel{g(2)} = \cancel{g(2)} - 6 + c_1 \Rightarrow c_1 = 6 \quad (4)$$

Οπότε

$$(3), (4) \Rightarrow f(x) = g(x) - 3x + 6$$