

Καταρχήν είναι

$$f(2-x) = g(x) \xrightarrow{x=0} \boxed{f(2) = g(0)}$$

$$f(2-x) = g(x) \xrightarrow{x=2} \boxed{f(0) = g(2)}$$

$$f(2-x) = g(x) \xrightarrow{\text{θέτουμε όπου } x \text{ το } 2-x} f(2-(2-x)) = g(2-x) \Rightarrow \boxed{f(x) = g(2-x)}$$

Οπότε

$$\begin{aligned} & \boxed{\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x)g(x) - f(2)g(2)}{x}} \xrightarrow{\text{προσθαφαρούμε } f(x)g(0)} = \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x)g(x) - f(x)g(0) + f(x)g(0) - f(2)g(2)}{x} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x)g(x) - f(x)g(0)}{x} + \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x)g(0) - f(2)g(2)}{x} = \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x)[g(x) - g(0)]}{x} + \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x)g(0) - g(0)f(0)}{x} = \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{g(x) - g(0)}{x} + \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{g(0)[f(x) - f(0)]}{x} \\ & \begin{array}{l} f: \text{παράγωγισμη στο } x_0 = 0 \Rightarrow \\ f: \text{συνεχής στο } x_0 = 0 \Rightarrow \\ \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = f(0) \end{array} \\ &= f(0) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{g(x) - g(0)}{x} + g(0) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x) - f(0)}{x} = \\ & \begin{array}{l} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{g(x) - g(0)}{x} = g'(0) \\ \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x) - f(0)}{x} = f'(0) \end{array} \\ &= f(0)g'(0) + g(0)f'(0) \xrightarrow{\substack{f(0)=g(2) \\ g(0)=f(2)}}} \boxed{g(2)g'(0) + f(2)f'(0)} \end{aligned}$$