

# Γ ΛΥΚΕΙΟΥ ΜΕΡΟΣ Α

## 15.4 1)

$$\alpha) (2x^3 - 3x^2 + 5x - 7)' = (2x^3)' - (3x^2)' + (5x)' - (7)' = 6x^2 - 6x + 5$$

$$\beta) (-x^4 + 3x^3 - 5x^2 + x - 11)' = (-x^4)' + (3x^3)' - (5x^2)' + (x)' - (11)' = \\ = -4x^3 + 9x^2 - 10x + 1$$

## 15.4 2)

$$(3x^2 + 2x - 6)' = (3x^2)' + (2x)' - (6)' = 6x + 2 + 0 = 6x + 2$$

## 15.4 3)

$$(x^3 - 5x^2 - 7x + 1)' = (x^3)' - (5x^2)' - (7x)' + (1)' = 3x^2 - 10x - 7 + 0 = 3x^2 - 10x - 7$$

## 15.4 4)

$$(2x^3 + 4x^2 + 5x - 3)' = (2x^3)' + (4x^2)' + (5x)' - (3)' = 6x^2 + 8x + 5 + 0 = 6x^2 + 8x + 5$$

## 15.4 5)

$$(x^{10} + x^5 - x^3 + 1)' = (x^{10})' + (x^5)' - (x^3)' + (1)' = 10x^9 + 5x^4 - 3x^2 + 0 = \\ = 10x^9 + 5x^4 - 3x^2$$

## 15.4 6)

$$(x^3 - 5x^2 + 6x + \sqrt{3})' = (x^3)' - (5x^2)' + (6x)' + (\sqrt{3})' = 3x^2 - 10x + 6 + 0 = \\ = 3x^2 - 10x + 6$$

## 15.4 7)

$$(\alpha x^3 + \beta x^2 + \gamma x + \delta)' = (\alpha x^3)' + (\beta x^2)' + (\gamma x)' + (\delta)' = 3\alpha x^2 + 2\beta x + \gamma + 0 = \\ = 3\alpha x^2 + 2\beta x + \gamma$$