

Γ ΛΥΚΕΙΟΥ ΜΕΡΟΣ Α

15.28 1)

a) $f(x) = x^4 + \eta\mu x \Rightarrow f'(x) = 4x^3 + \sigma v v x \Rightarrow f''(x) = 12x^2 - \eta\mu x$

b) $f(x) = x^3 \ln x \Rightarrow f'(x) = 3x^2 \ln x + x^3 \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow f'(x) = 3x^2 \ln x + x^2 \Rightarrow$
 $\Rightarrow f''(x) = 6x \ln x + 3x^2 \frac{1}{x} + 2x \Rightarrow f''(x) = 6x \ln x + 5x$

c) $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 1} \Rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} \cdot 2x \Rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} \Rightarrow$
 $\Rightarrow f''(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} = \frac{(x)' \sqrt{x^2 + 1} - x (\sqrt{x^2 + 1})'}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}^2} \Rightarrow$
 $\Rightarrow f''(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} - x \frac{2x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}^2} \Rightarrow f''(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} - \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}^2} \Rightarrow$
 $\Rightarrow f''(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}^2 - x^2}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}^2} \Rightarrow f''(x) = \frac{x^2 + 1 - x^2}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}^3} \Rightarrow f''(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}^3}$

15.28 2)

$$f'(x) = 4x^3 + 6x^2 - 6x + 4 \Rightarrow f''(x) = 12x^2 + 12x - 6$$

15.28 3)

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{x} + 3x^2 \Rightarrow f''(x) = -\frac{1}{x^2} + 6x$$

15.28 4)

$$f'(x) = 2x\sigma v v x - x^2\eta\mu x \Rightarrow f''(x) = 2\sigma v v x - 2x\eta\mu x - 2x\eta\mu x - x^2\sigma v v x =$$

$$= 2\sigma v v x - 4x\eta\mu x - x^2\sigma v v x$$

15.28 5)

$$f'(x) = \frac{e^x \sigma v v x - e^x \eta\mu x}{(e^x)^2} = \frac{e^x (\sigma v v x - \eta\mu x)}{(e^x)^2} = \frac{\sigma v v x - \eta\mu x}{e^x} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow f''(x) = \frac{(-\eta\mu x - \sigma v v x)e^x - (\sigma v v x - \eta\mu x)e^x}{(e^x)^2} =$$

$$= \frac{e^x (-\cancel{\eta\mu x} - \sigma v v x - \sigma v v x + \cancel{\eta\mu x})}{(e^x)^2} = \frac{-2\sigma v v x}{e^x}$$