

Γ ΛΥΚΕΙΟΥ ΜΕΡΟΣ Α

14.6 1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 [f'(x_o)] &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x_o + h) - f(x_o)}{h} = \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x_o + h)^2 + (x_o + h) - 2 - (x_o^2 + x_o - 2)}{h} = \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{x_o^2 + 2x_o h + h^2 + x_o + h - 2 - x_o^2 - x_o + 2}{h} = \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2x_o h + h^2}{h} = 2x_o + 0 + 1 = \boxed{2x_o + 1}
 \end{aligned}$$

14.6 2)

$$\begin{aligned}
 1) [f'(x_o)] &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x_o + h) - f(x_o)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2(x_o + h) + 1 - 2x_o - 1}{h} = \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2x_o + 2h - 2x_o}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2h}{h} = \boxed{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

14.6 3)

$$\begin{aligned}
 [f'(x_o)] &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x_o + h) - f(x_o)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2(x_o + h)^2 - 3(x_o + h) + 1 - 2x_o^2 + 3x_o - 1}{h} = \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2(x_o^2 + 2x_o h + h^2) - 3x_o - 3h - 2x_o^2 + 3x_o}{h} = \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2x_o^2 + 4x_o h + 2h^2 - 3h - 2x_o^2}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{4x_o + 2h - 3}{h} = \boxed{4x_o - 3}
 \end{aligned}$$

14.6 4)

$$\begin{aligned}
 [f'(x_o)] &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x_o + h) - f(x_o)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{x_o + h}{x_o + h + 1} - \frac{x_o}{x_o + 1}}{\frac{x_o + h + 1 - x_o - 1}{h}} = \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x_o + h)(x_o + 1) - x_o(x_o + h + 1)}{(x_o + h + 1)(x_o + 1)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x_o + h)(x_o + 1) - x_o(x_o + h + 1)}{h(x_o + h + 1)(x_o + 1)} = \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{x_o^2 + x_o + h x_o + h - x_o^2 - x_o h - x_o}{h(x_o + h + 1)(x_o + 1)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h}{h(x_o + h + 1)(x_o + 1)} = \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{(x_o + h + 1)(x_o + 1)} = \boxed{\frac{1}{(x_o + 1)^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

14.6 5)

$$\begin{aligned}
[f'(x_o)] &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x_o + h) - f(x_o)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{x_o + h - 1}{x_o + h} - \frac{x_o - 1}{x_o}}{h} = \\
&= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x_o + h - 1)x_o - (x_o - 1)(x_o + h)}{(x_o + h)x_o} = \\
&= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cancel{x_o} + \cancel{x_o}h - \cancel{x_o} - \cancel{x_o}h + \cancel{x_o} + h}{h(x_o + h)x_o} = \\
&= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h}{h(x_o + h)x_o} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{(x_o + h)x_o} = \boxed{\frac{1}{x_o^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

14.6 6)

$$\begin{aligned}
[f'(x_o)] &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x_o + h) - f(x_o)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{x_o + h - 2}{x_o + h + 1} - \frac{x_o - 2}{x_o + 1}}{h} = \\
&= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x_o + h - 2)(x_o + 1) - (x_o - 2)(x_o + h + 1)}{(x_o + h + 1)(x_o + 1)} = \\
&= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cancel{x_o} + \cancel{x_o} + h\cancel{x_o} + h - 2\cancel{x_o} - \cancel{2} - \cancel{x_o} - \cancel{x_o}h - \cancel{x_o} + 2\cancel{x_o} + 2h + \cancel{2}}{h(x_o + h + 1)(x_o + 1)} = \\
&= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{3h}{h(x_o + h + 1)(x_o + 1)} = \boxed{\frac{3}{(x_o + 1)^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

14.6 7)

$$\begin{aligned}
[f'(x_o)] &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x_o + h) - f(x_o)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{2(x_o + h) + 3}{3(x_o + h) - 1} - \frac{2x_o + 2h + 3}{3x_o + 3h - 1}}{h} = \\
&= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(2x_o + 2h + 3)(3x_o - 1) - (2x_o + 3)(3x_o + 3h - 1)}{(3x_o + 3h - 1)(3x_o - 1)} = \\
&= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{6\cancel{x_o} - 2\cancel{x_o} + 6h\cancel{x_o} - 2h + 9\cancel{x_o} - \cancel{3} - 6\cancel{x_o} - 6h\cancel{x_o} + 2\cancel{x_o} - 9\cancel{x_o} - 9h + \cancel{3}}{h(3x_o + 3h - 1)(3x_o - 1)} = \\
&= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-11h}{h(3x_o + 3h - 1)(3x_o - 1)} = \boxed{\frac{-11}{(3x_o - 1)^2}}
\end{aligned}$$